

hg HYAL SKIN



BE NATURAL BEAUTY

The PINE SLIM

THE PINE AMPOULE SOLUTION FOR FACE & BODY

Gift from nature

Comfortable and healthy

“Slimming care” with natural ingredients





: EFFECT OF **The PINE SLIM**

**lipase
activity**

**Separate
and send out
the fat cell**

**Skin
regeneration**





“Healthier! Slimmer!
Maintain even skin elasticity!”

Contouring with natural ingredients



Pineapple Extract

Contains bromelain, a fat-dissolving enzyme,
which helps gently break down fat





: Natural Ingredients

Ananas Sativus Extract

Pineapple extract is also a natural ingredient that helps soothe and moisturize the skin and break down fat.



Chamomilla Recutita Extract

A natural ingredient extracted from the matricaria flower (chamomile) has skin-soothing and anti-inflammatory effects.



Bromelain

Bromelain is a protein-decomposing enzyme extracted from pineapple. Mainly used to promote fat decomposition and digestion.



Lecithin

Lecithin acts as a natural emulsifier that improves cosmetic formula stability and texture. It enhances skin barrier function, moisturization, and the delivery of active ingredients.

How The PINE SLIM Treatment works



01

Bromelain (pineapple extract)

Works as a lipolytic enzyme, it promotes the breakdown of body fat and helps remove impurities from the body.

02

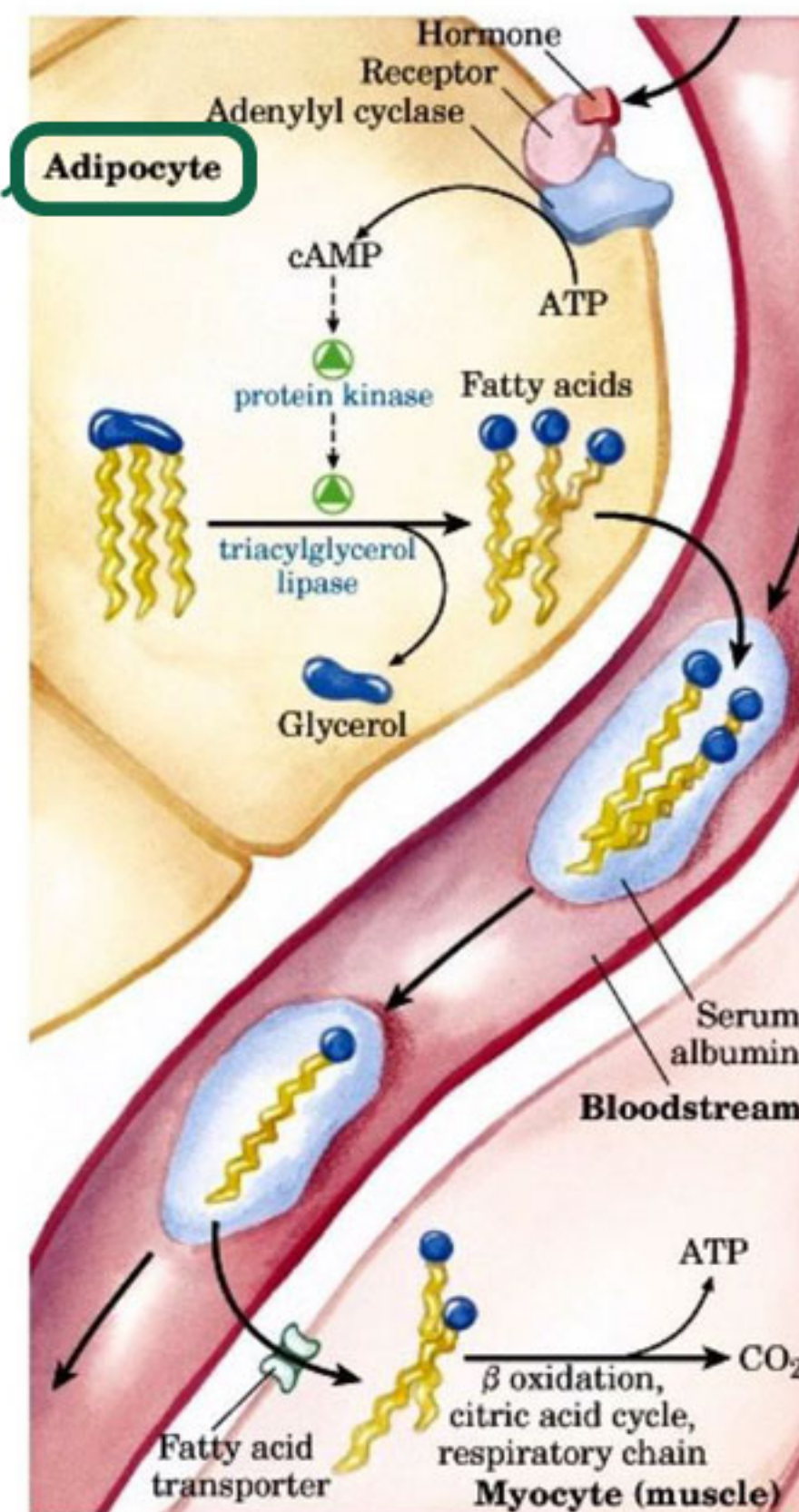
Lecithin

Lecithin stabilizes formulations, strengthens the skin barrier, enhances moisturization, and improves the delivery of active ingredients.

03

Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)

A vitamin that contributes to cellular energy production, it also helps break down fat while adding vitality and energy to the skin.



*Limited to raw material properties.

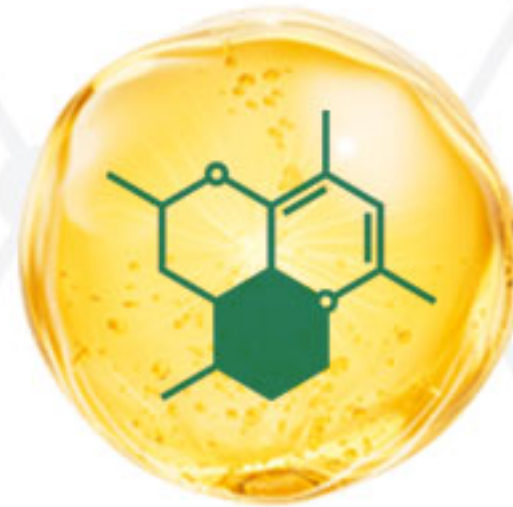


:The PINE SLIM COMPONENTS

Bromelain



Proteolytic enzymes
contained in pineapple



Fat decomposition
effect



Inflammation
treatment and
wound recovery



Reduced swelling,
reduced pain

: WHAT IS **BROMELAIN?**

01 Bromelain is a powerful digestive enzyme commonly found and extracted from the fruit, leaves, and stems of pineapples.

02 All crude papaya latex exhibits proteolytic, lipolytic and transesterifying activities.

03 Bromelain plays a role in many physiological processes and may also influence disease processes.





: EFFECT OF **BROMELAIN**

Inhibition of Adipogenesis and Induction of Apoptosis and Lipolysis by Stem Bromelain in 3T3-L1 Adipocytes

Sandeep Dave, Naval Jit Kaur, Ravikanth Nanduri, H. Kitdorlang Dkhar, Ashwani Kumar, Pawan Gupta*

Institute of Microbial Technology (CSIR), Chandigarh, India

Abstract

PLoS One, 2012;7(1):e30831

The phytotherapeutic protein stem bromelain (SBM) is used as an anti-obesity alternative medicine. We show at the cellular level that SBM irreversibly inhibits 3T3-L1 adipocyte differentiation by reducing adipogenic gene expression and induces apoptosis and lipolysis in mature adipocytes. At the molecular level, SBM suppressed adipogenesis by downregulating C/EBP α and PPAR γ independent of C/EBP β gene expression. Moreover, mRNA levels of adipocyte fatty acid-binding protein (ap2), fatty acid synthase (FAS), lipoprotein lipase (LPL), CD36, and acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) were also downregulated by SBM. Additionally, SBM reduced adiponectin expression and secretion. SBM's ability to repress PPAR γ expression seems to stem from its ability to inhibit Akt and augment the TNF α pathway. The Akt-TSC2-mTORC1 pathway has recently been described for PPAR γ expression in adipocytes. In our experiments, TNF α upregulation compromised cell viability of mature adipocytes (via apoptosis) and induced lipolysis. Lipolytic response was evident by downregulation of anti-lipolytic genes perilipin, phosphodiesterase-3B (PDE3B), and GTP binding protein G α_1 , as well as sustained expression of hormone sensitive lipase (HSL). These data indicate that SBM, together with all-trans retinoic-acid (atRA), may be a potent modulator of obesity by repressing the PPAR γ -regulated adipogenesis pathway at all stages and by augmenting TNF α -induced lipolysis and apoptosis in mature adipocytes.

BROMELAIN

: Inhibition of fat synthesis and decomposition

Helps with weight loss due to its effects on fat

Bromelain **helps with weight loss due to its effects on fat**

(adipose) tissue [R].

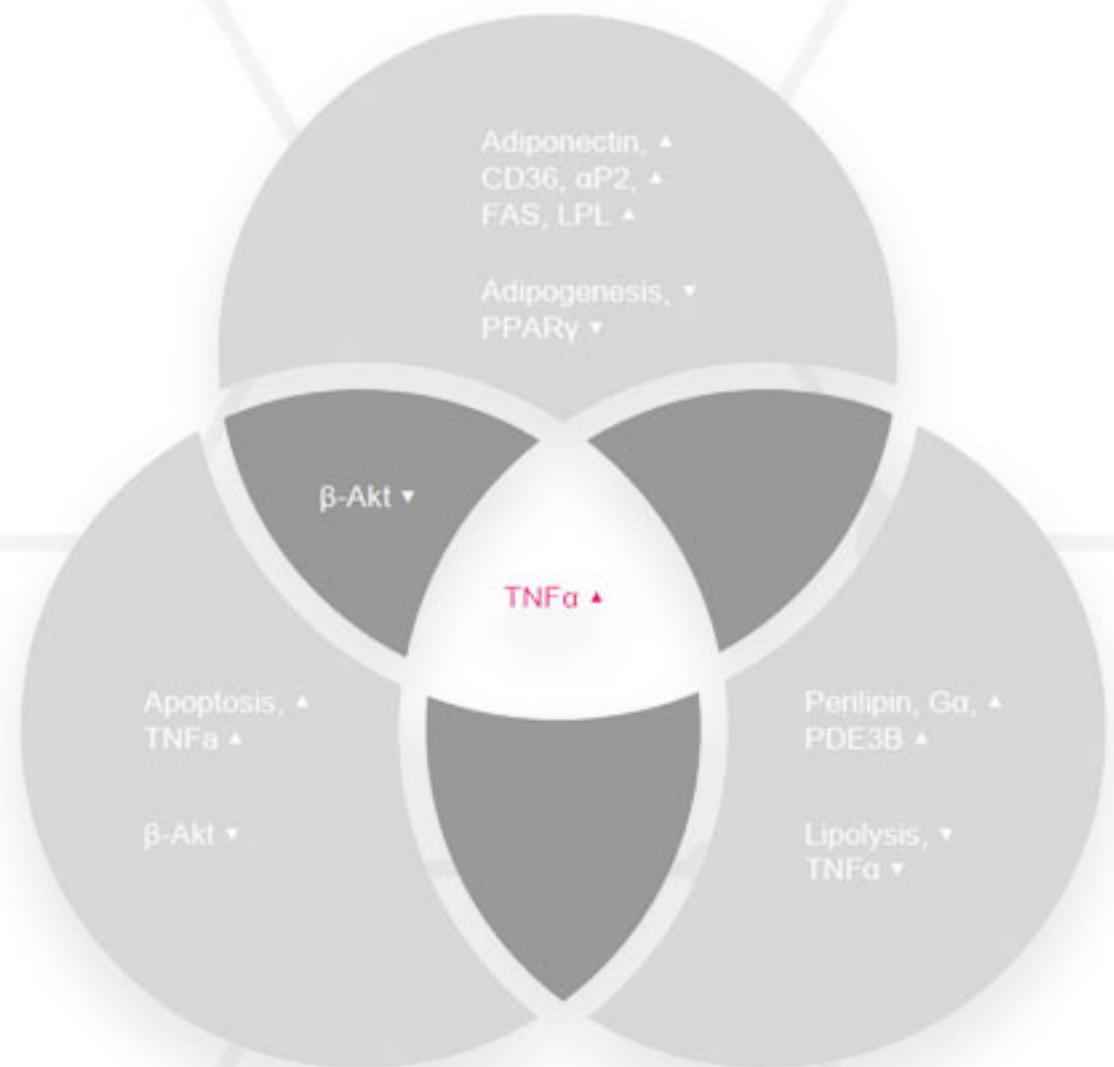
In rat cell cultures, stem bromelain administration inhibited the formation (differentiation) of fat cells. It does this by increasing genes (C/EBP α and **PPAR γ**) that are needed for fat cell formation [R].

Moreover, it blocked Akt/**mTOR** signaling (transmission) and increased **TNF- α** levels in mature fat cells.

This caused fat cells to self-destruct [R].

Additionally, TNF- α induces the breakdown of fats (lipolysis).

All of these factors combined together help prevent and address obesity [R].



[How Bromelain Helps with Weight Loss
 by Increasing TNF- α source]



BROMELAIN

:Anti-inflammatory

Bromelain Reduces Inflammation

Bromelain decreases the majority of pro-inflammatory mediators and is a powerful Anti-inflammatory agent [R]. **Cyclooxygenase-2**(COX-2)is a major contributor ro inflammation. It helps with the synthesis of Prostaglandin E2 (PGE-2), which is a pro-inflammatory fat(lipid). PGE-2 also suppresses the immune system and promotes tumor progression [R].

Bromelain reduces COX-2 and PGE-2 levels in mouse and human cell cultures [R].

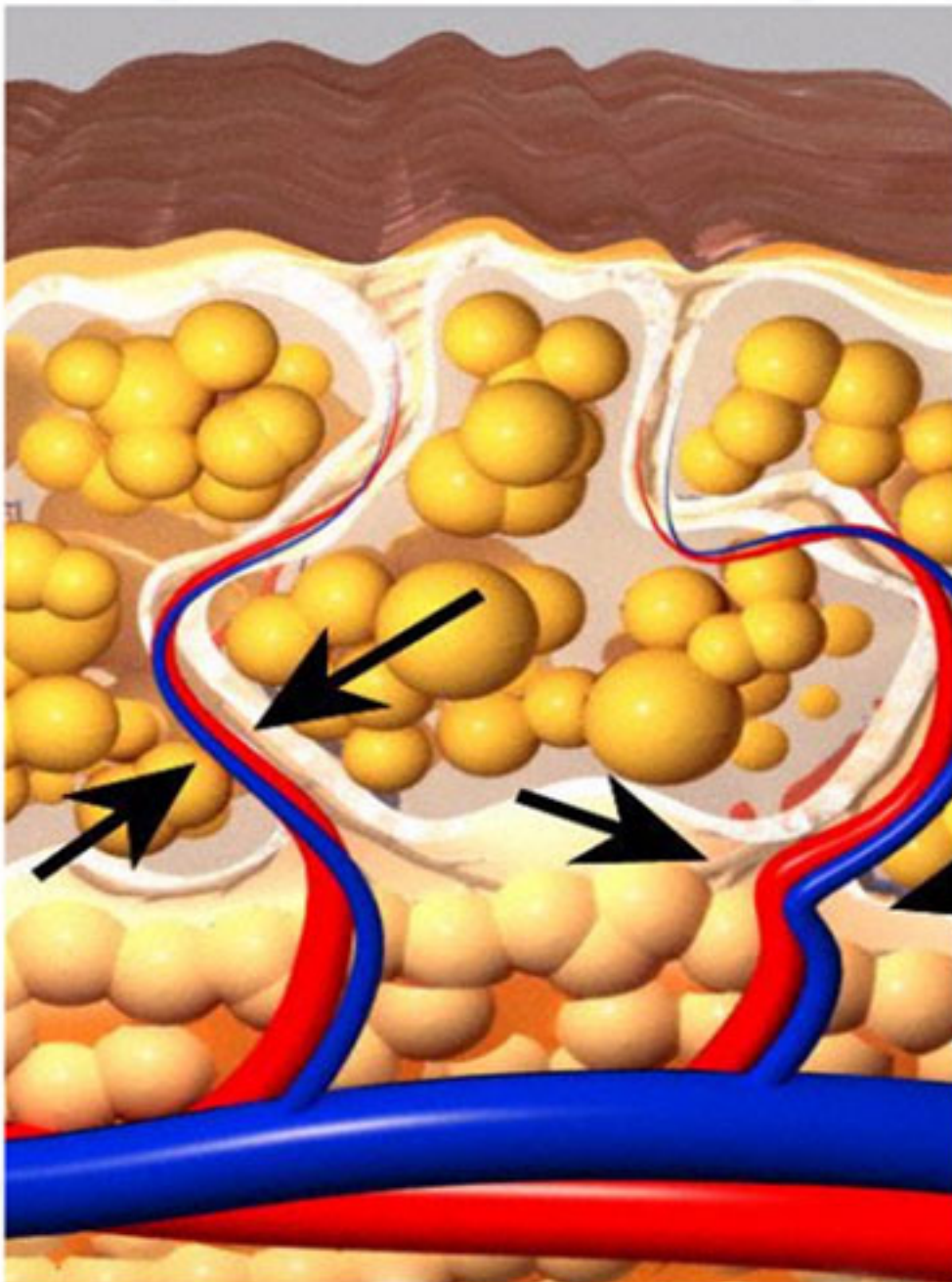
When inflammation causes the overproduction of proinflammatory cytokines, bromelain reduces **IL-1 β , IL-6** secretion. For example, Bromelain reduces IFN- γ and TNF- α production in **inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)** [R].

Bromelain also lowers the production of **TGF- β** , another major contributor of inflammation [R].

In mouse cell cultures, the proteases in bromelain inhibited ERK-2 transmission. This inhibition **blocks cytokine production and helps prevent inflammation**[R].

Blocks cytokine production and helps prevent inflammation

: WHAT IS **LECITHIN?**



Lecithin is a generic term to designate any group of yellow–brownish fatty substances occurring in animal and plant tissues, which are amphiphilic – they attract both water and fatty substances (and so are both hydrophilic and lipophilic).

It is usually available from sources such as soybeans, eggs, milk, marine sources, rapeseed, cottonseed and sunflower. It has low solubility in water, but is an excellent emulsifier. In aqueous solution, its phospholipids can form either liposomes, bilayer sheets, micelles, or lamellar structures, depending on hydration and temperature.

This results in a type of surfactant that usually is classified as amphipathic. **Lecithin** is used to treat liver ailments and hypercholesterolemia. The mechanism appears to be enhancement of cholesterol metabolism in the digestive system.

Lecithin possess beneficial properties in reducing cholesterol levels and controlling or preventing atherosclerosis.



: EFFECT OF LECITHIN



(Reduction in cholesterol permeability by lecithin)
– J. Physiol. (1973), 229, pp. 505–514

THE EFFECT OF LECITHIN ON INTESTINAL CHOLESTEROL UPTAKE BY RAT INTESTINE *IN VITRO*

By ALFRED J. RAMPONE

*From the Department of Physiology, University of Oregon
Medical School, Portland, Oregon 97201, U.S.A.*

(Received 25 September 1972)

SUMMARY

1. Sacs 20 cm long were obtained from the upper half of the small intestine of bile fistula rats (bile duct cannulated 48 hours previously). The sacs were everted, filled with oxygenated phosphate buffer and incubated 1 hr at 37°C in 25 ml. of a buffered micellar solution of oleic acid (0.6 mM), mono-olein (0.3 mM), sodium taurocholate (4.8 mM) and ³H-labelled cholesterol (0.15 mM) plus glucose (28 mM).

2. After incubation the amount of [³H]cholesterol taken up by the mucosal tissue was measured. It averaged 200 n-mole/hr.g tissue wet wt. ± 6 (S.E.).

3. Adding 3 ml. whole rat bile with other factors unchanged caused cholesterol uptake to decrease by 50% in confirmation of previous studies.

4. The effect of whole bile was confirmed by adding 3 ml. whole bile from rat liver tissue, and from egg yolk phospholipid emulsion to the micellar solution. A significant response was obtained with 0.13 mM lecithin (concentration 0.13 mM) and a near maximal response with 0.80 mM (concentration 0.80 mM). 10 mg lecithin caused a response equivalent to that obtained with 3 ml. whole bile.

5. Lecithin is an active component of whole bile causing reduced intestinal cholesterol uptake from micelles.

6. The decreased uptake of cholesterol in the presence of lecithin may have been the result of expansion of the cholesterol-containing micelles with consequent reduction in cholesterol permeability.

: The PINE SLIM Recommend

FACE

- 01** For individuals worried about large face caused by excess fat.
- 02** For individuals worried about sagging facial lines due to loss of elasticity.
- 03** Those who want to correct facial asymmetry.
- 04** Those who are concerned about a thick double chin.
- 05** People who are concerned about protruding cheekbones.
- 06** Those who have not seen significant results from existing contour injections.





: The PINE SLIM
Recommend

BODY



01

For those who prefer non-surgical options to address excess fat.

02

For individuals who haven't achieved desired weight loss results through dieting alone.

03

For people who want to lose weight quickly in a short period of time

04

For those who want to solve local obesity in a specific area

05

For those who have not achieved results from existing obesity treatments



: The PINE SLIM Usage does

Applied once every 1–2 weeks
Max dose per time is no more than 100 mL

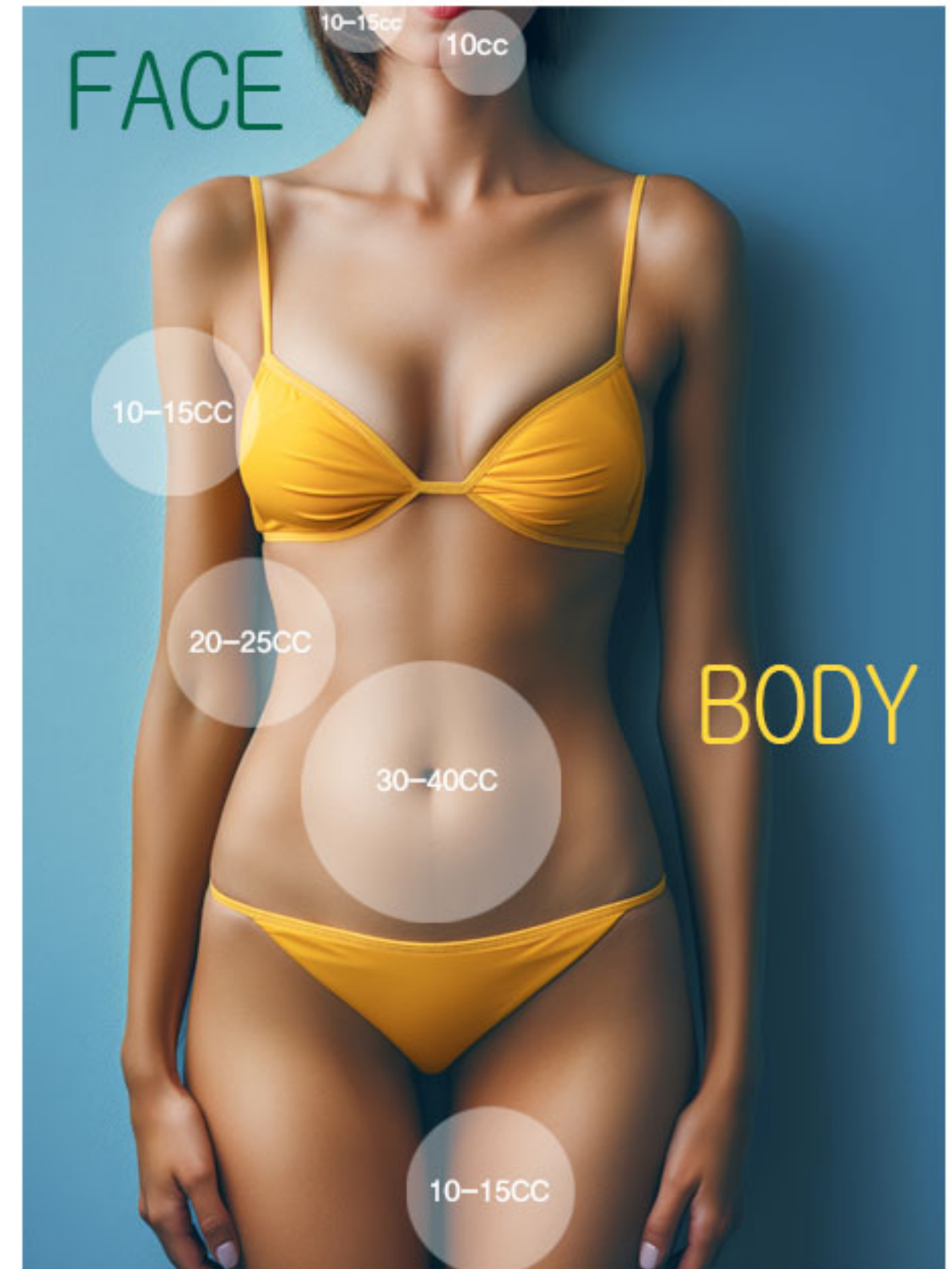
FACE

1cm apart, 0.2–0.5ml for each point

BODY

1~2cm apart, 0.5–1ml for each point

- #Daily Sleeping
- #a natural diet
- #Even skin care
- #a gentle change





: The PINE SLIM Conclusion

'Natural care that keeps your skin healthy, slim and elastic'

Since the main ingredients of The PINE SLIM are based on natural ingredients, it helps break down fat and improve skin with the power of **ingredients extracted from nature**.

This product is suitable for customers who want to see slow results over the long term with **"healthy and gentle changes"** rather than "quick results".

In keeping with the **slow beauty** trend, "Get slimmer lightly and naturally through consistent use in your daily life!"





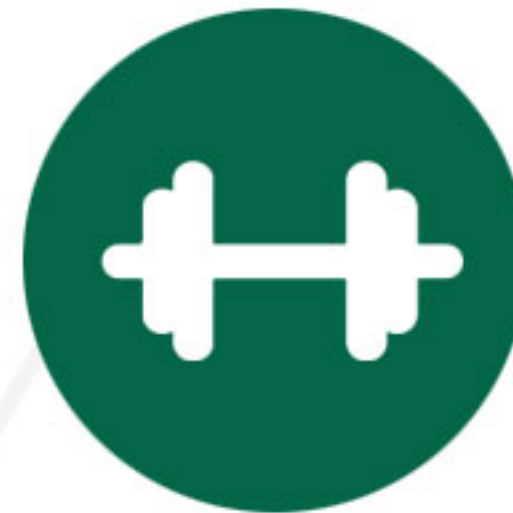
: The PINE SLIM Post procedure caution



Intake sufficient
water



Avoid
late-night meals



Do light exercise
and massage



For the first 2–3 days,
it is better to use
hot towel or sauna



Cautions

- ① Avoid the area around the eyes
- ② The ampoule should be used immediately
- ③ Store the product at room temperature

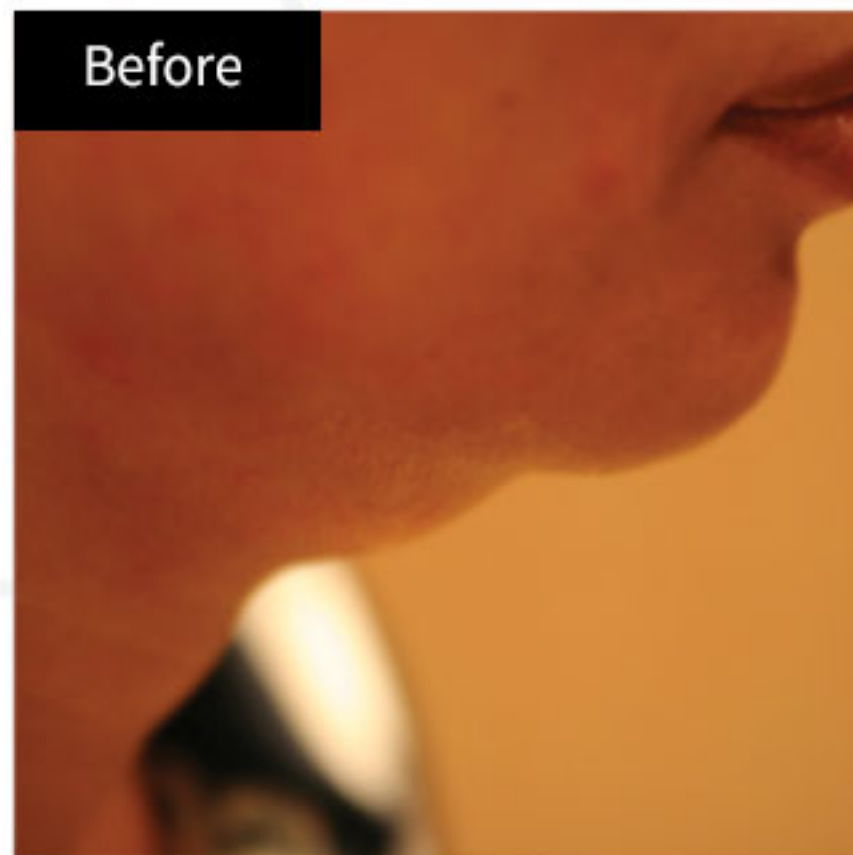
* This product is disposable and reusage is prohibited





: BEFORE & AFTER

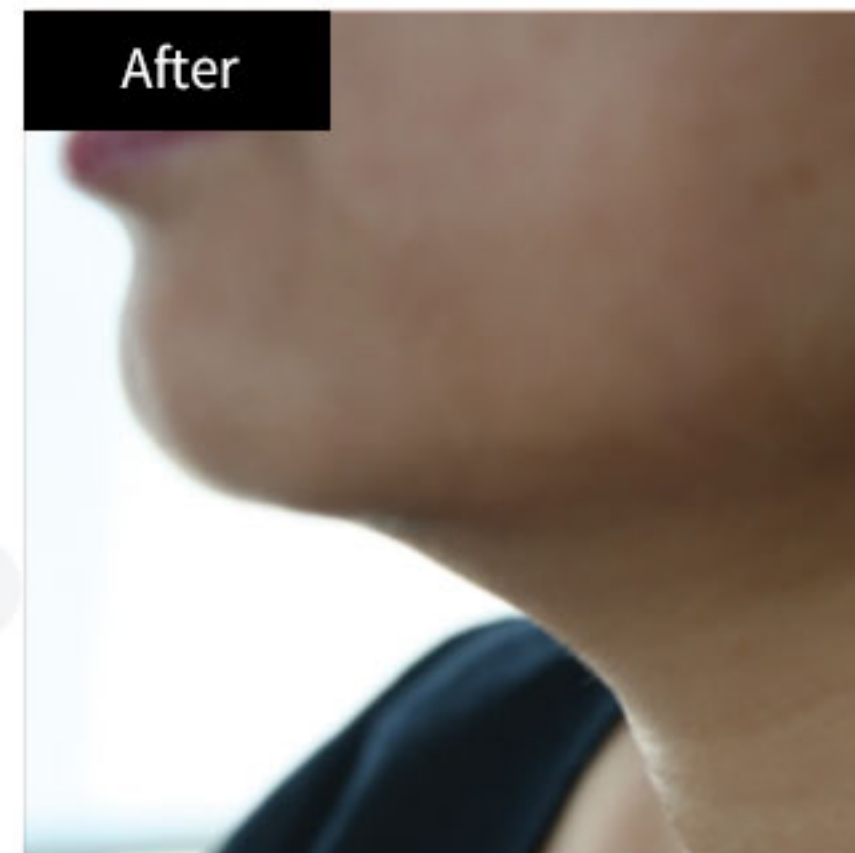
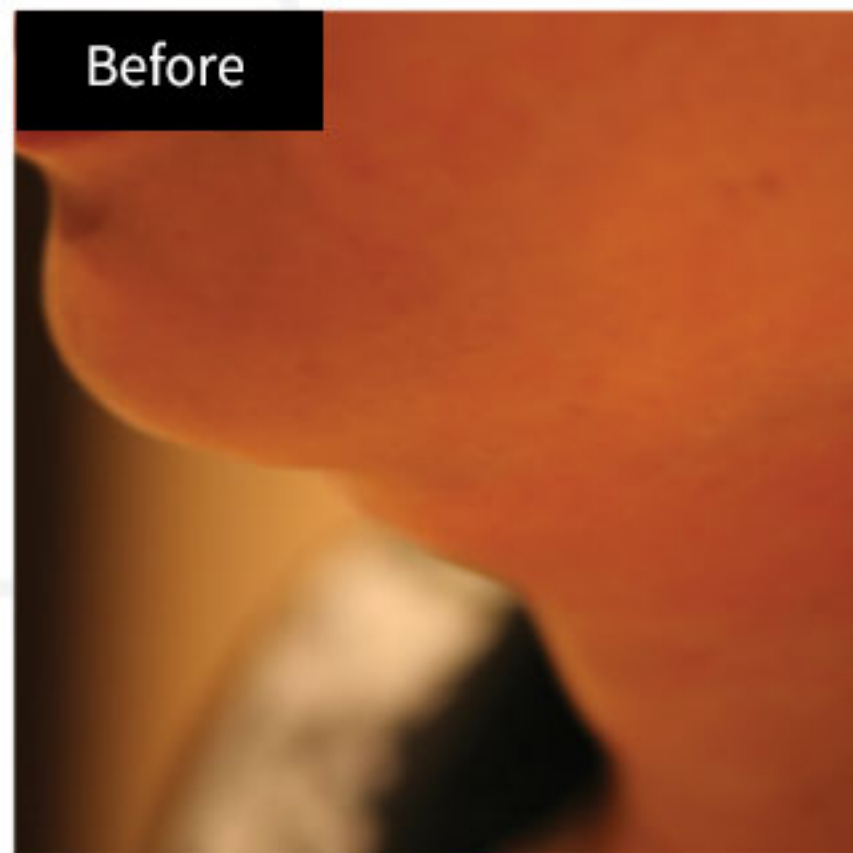
FACE





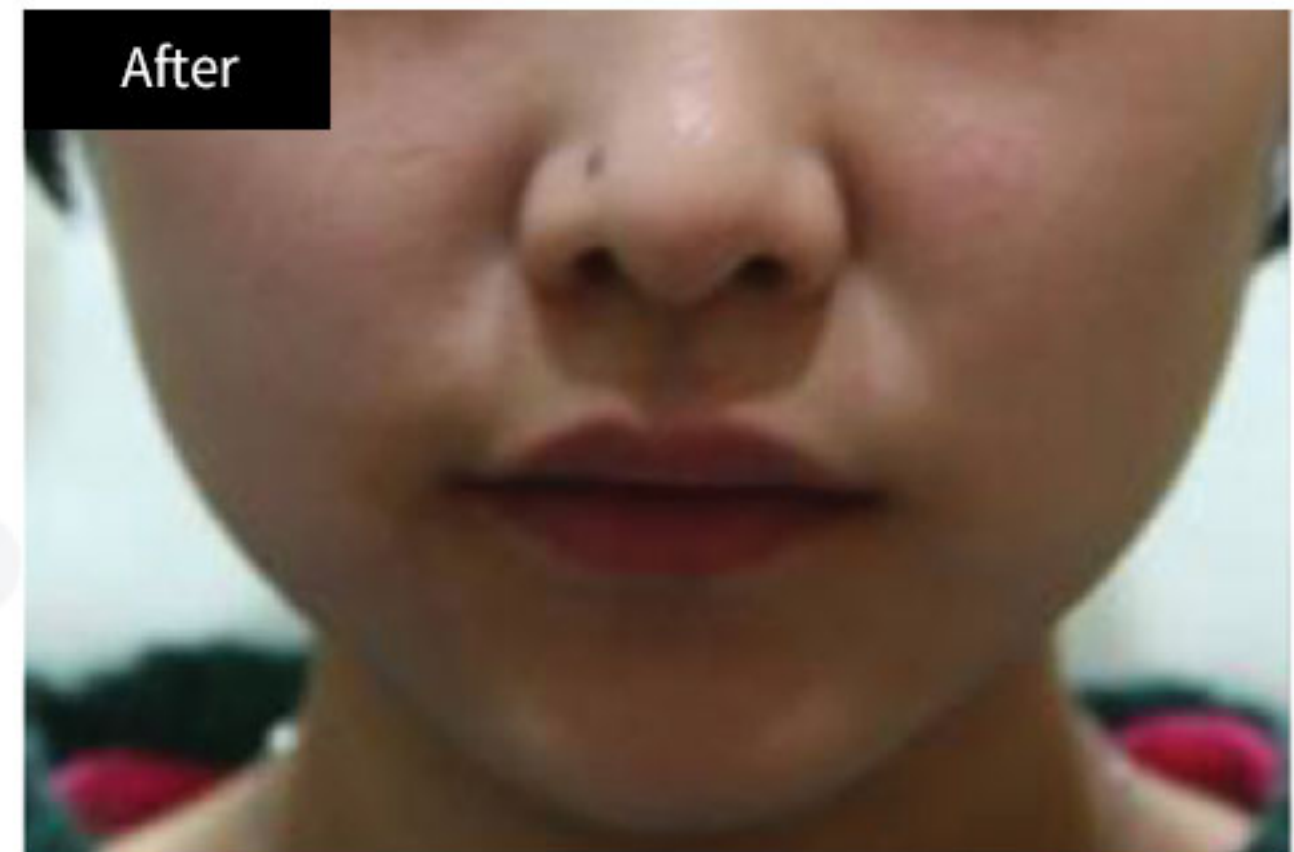
: BEFORE & AFTER

FACE



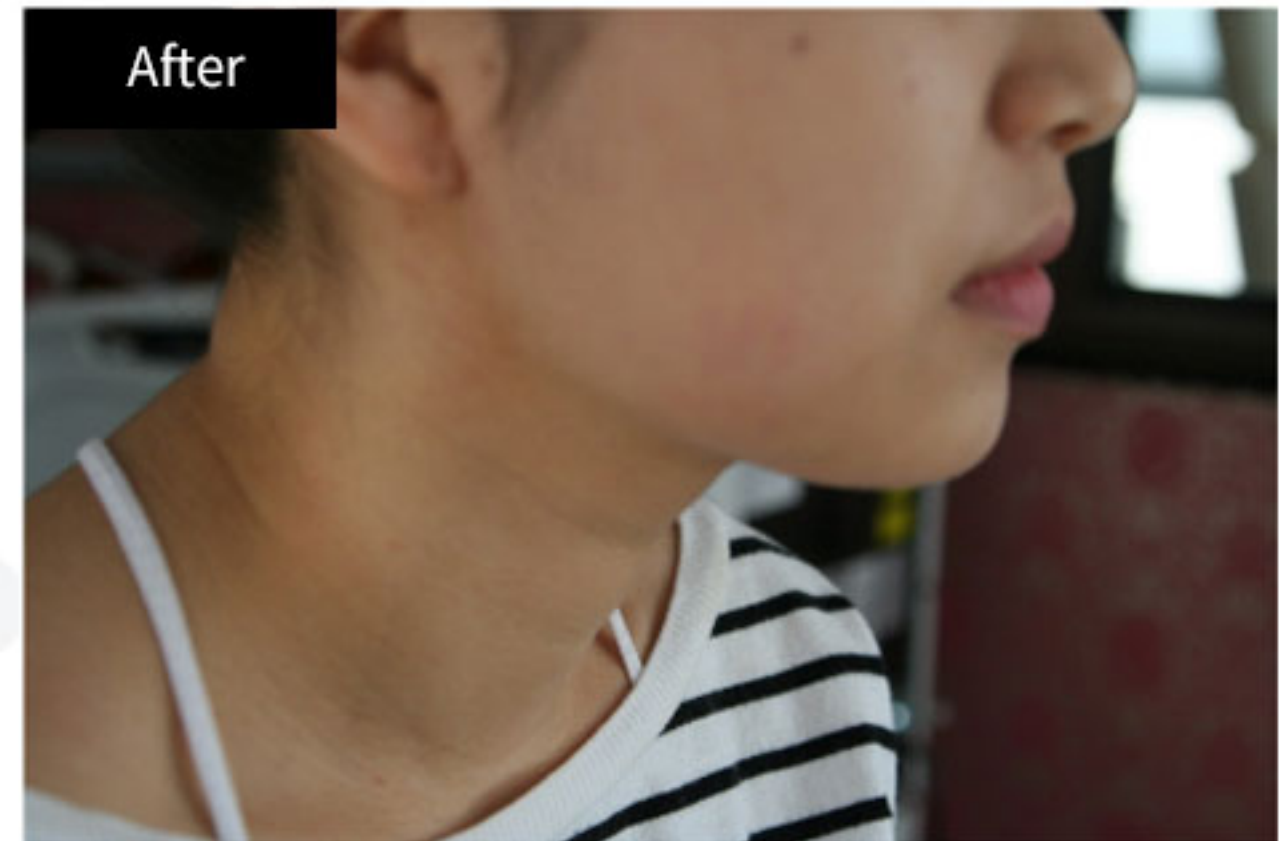
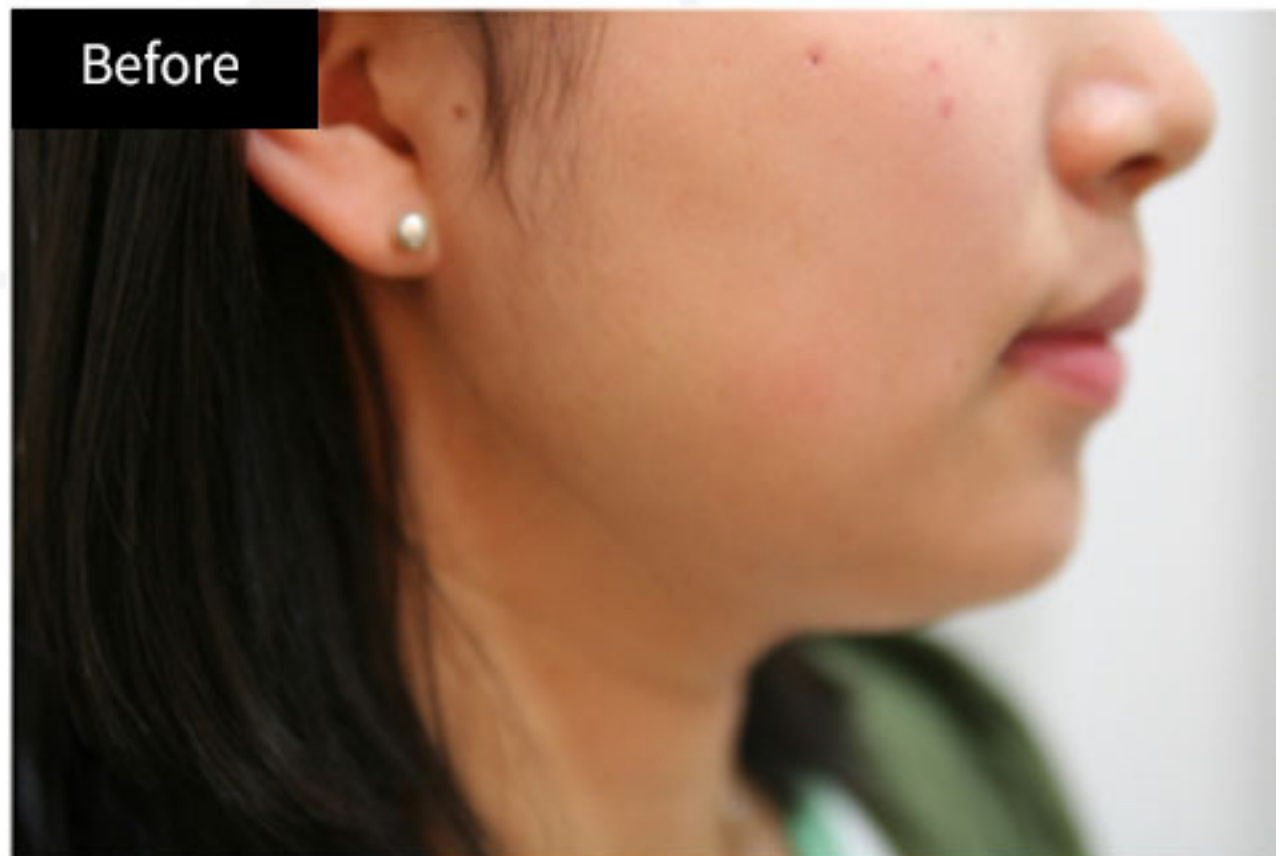
: BEFORE & AFTER

FACE



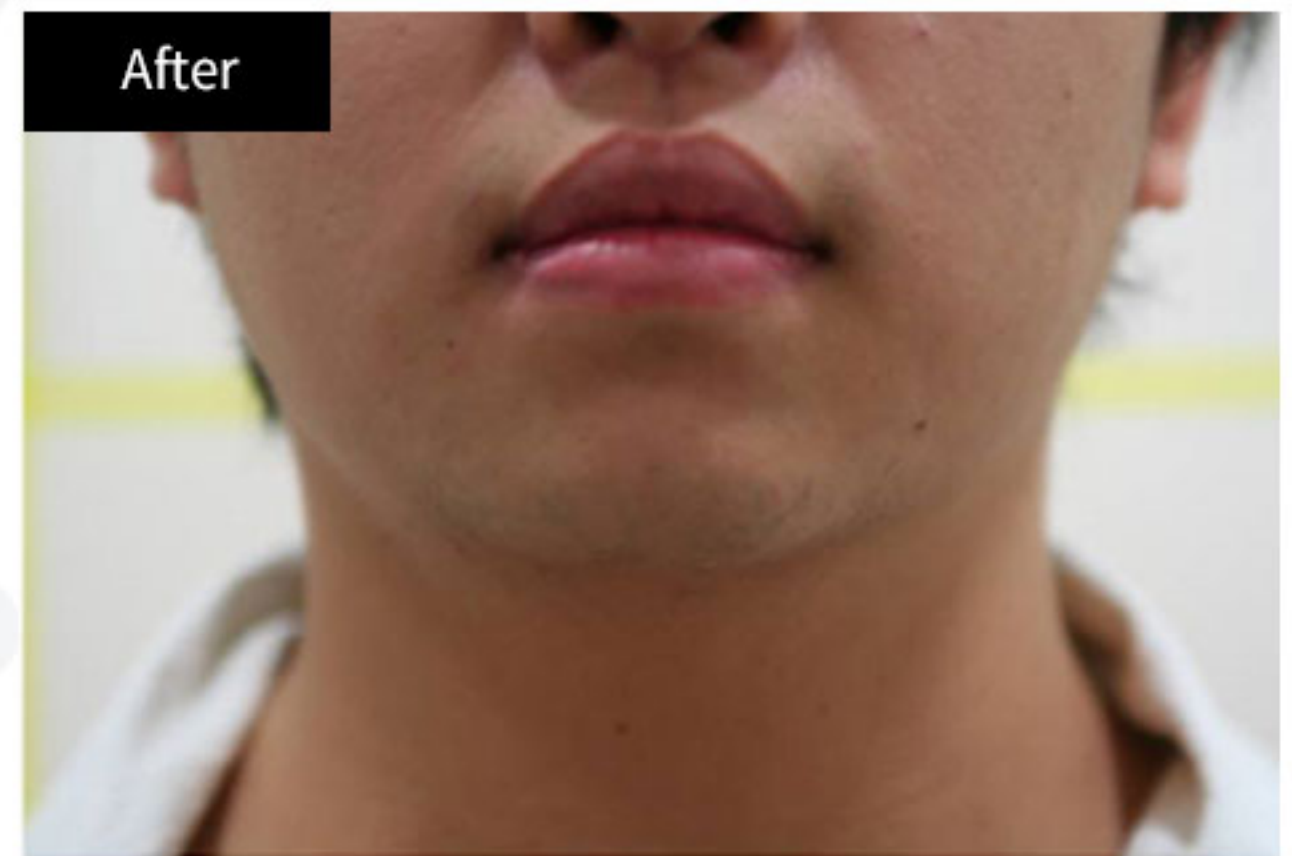
: BEFORE & AFTER

FACE



: BEFORE & AFTER

FACE





: BEFORE & AFTER

BODY





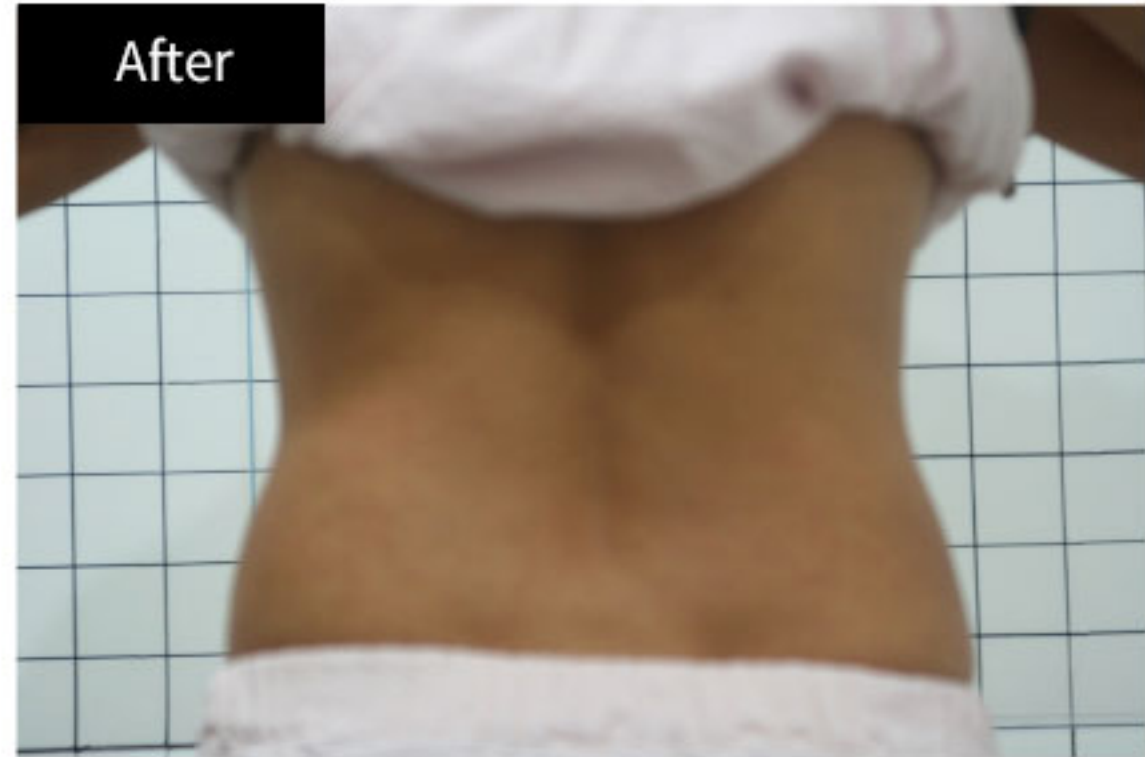
: BEFORE & AFTER

BODY

Before



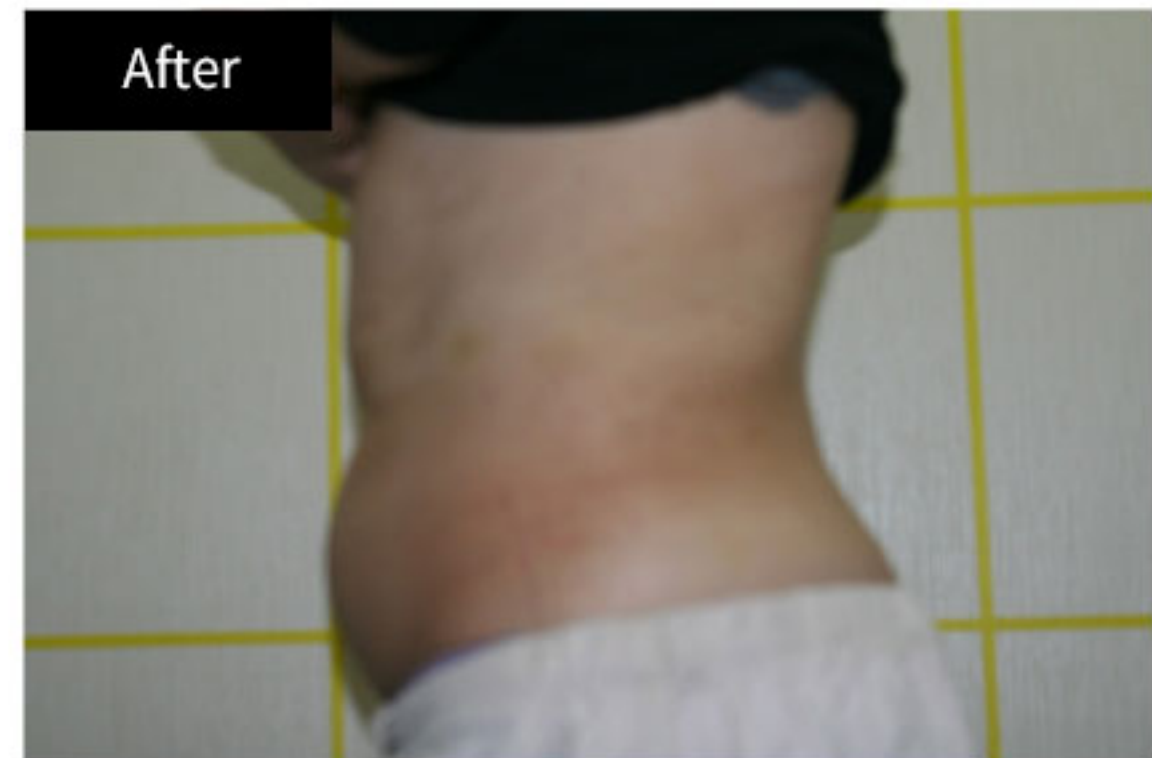
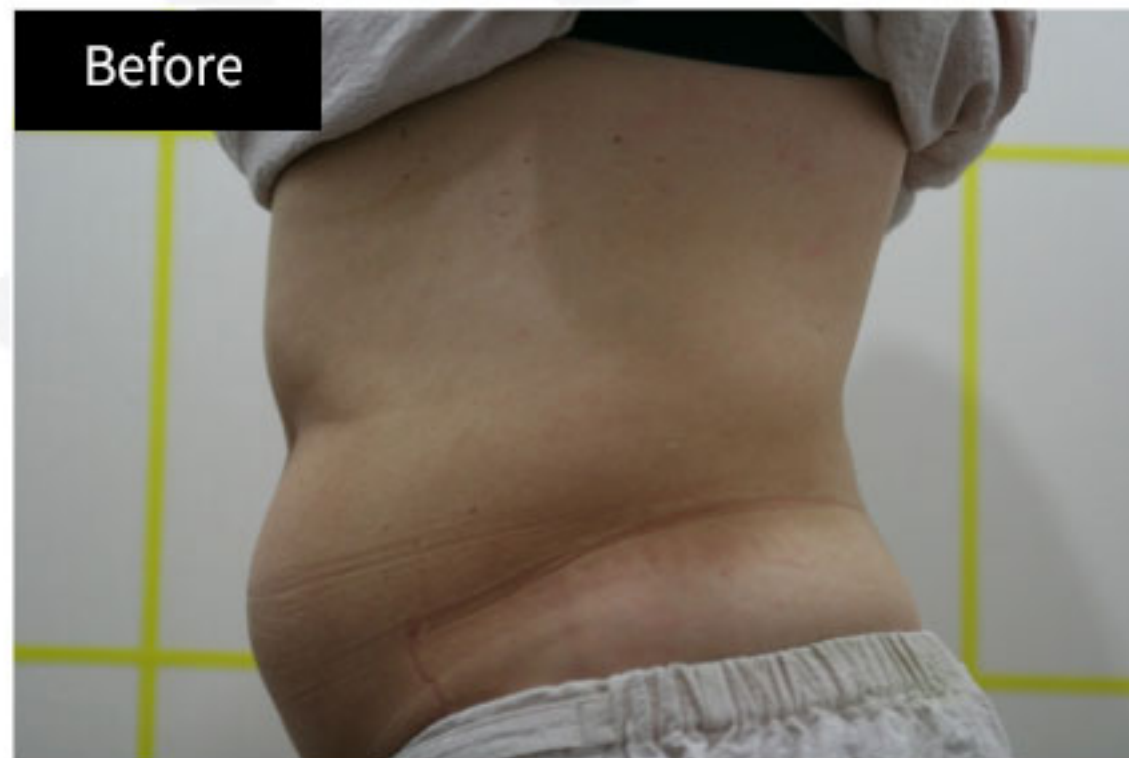
After





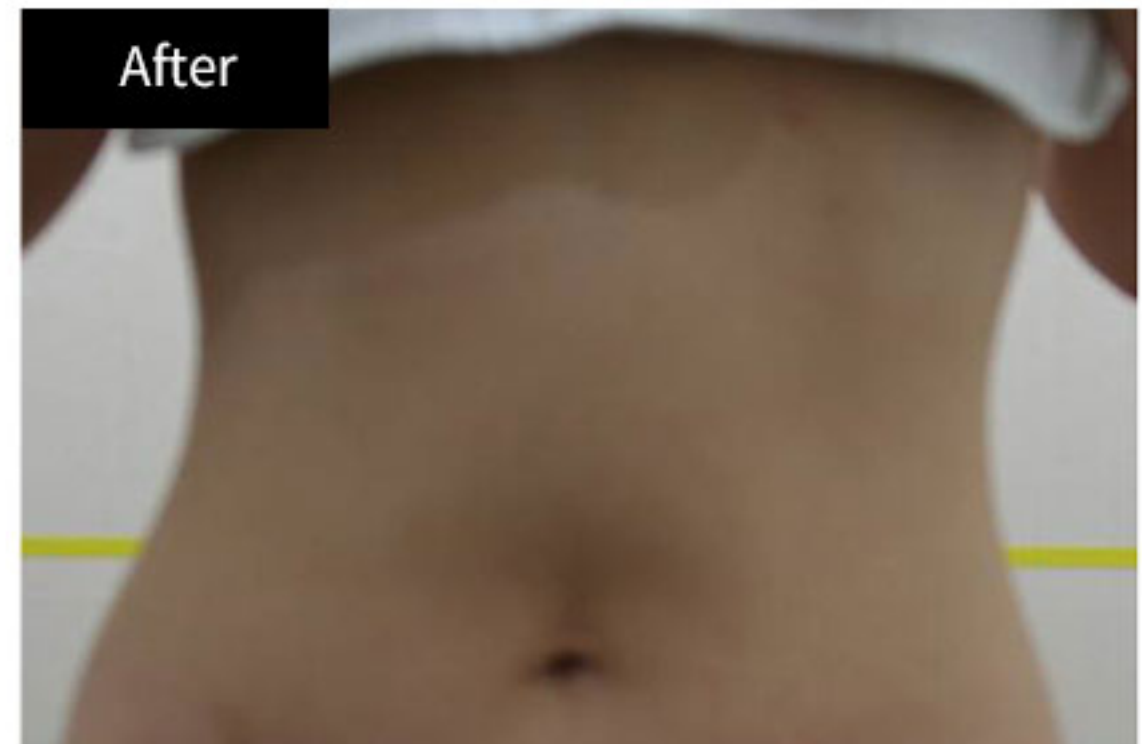
: BEFORE & AFTER

BODY



: BEFORE & AFTER

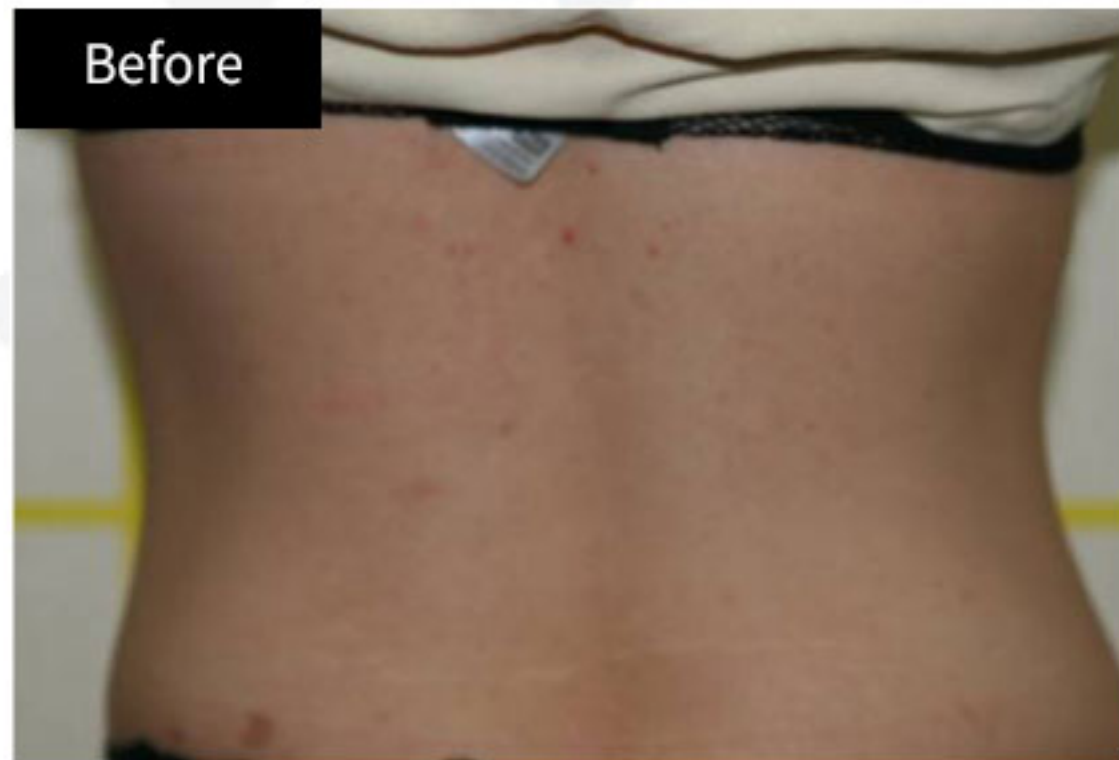
BODY





: BEFORE & AFTER

BODY





: BEFORE & AFTER

BODY

